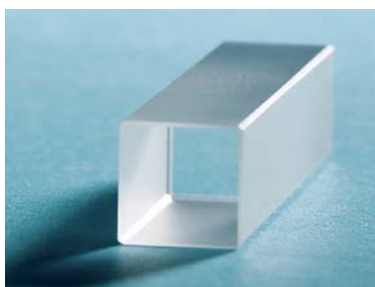


Nd:KGW

Nd-DOPED POTASSIUM GADOLINIUM TUNGSTATE



The efficiency of Nd:KGW lasers is 3–5 times higher than the one of Nd:YAG lasers. Nd:KGW laser medium is one of the best choices ensuring effective laser generation at low pump energies (0.5 – 1 J). These crystals supplied by EKSMA OPTICS feature high optical quality and great value of bulk resists for laser radiation.

Nd:KGW crystals are low lasing threshold, highly efficient laser material exceptionally suitable for laser rangefinding applications.

STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

Orientation	[010] ±30 min
Dopant concentration	2-10 at %
Diameter tolerance	+0.0/-0.1 mm
Length tolerance	+1.0/-0.0 mm
Chamfer	45(±10) deg × 0.2(±0.1) mm
Flatness	λ/10 @ 633 nm
Parallelism	better than 30 arcsec
Perpendicularity	better than 15 arcmin
Surface Quality	10-5 scratch & dig (MIL-PRF-13830B)
Absorption losses	< 0.005 cm ⁻¹

PHYSICAL AND LASER PROPERTIES

Chemical formula	KGd(WO ₄):Nd
Lattice constants	a = 8.095 Å, b = 10 Å, c = 7.588 Å
Optical orientation	n _g = b, n _p c = 20 deg
Angle between optical axis	86.5 angular grad
Density	7.27 g/cm ³
Mohs hardness	5
Thermal conductivity	2.8 W/(m×grad) [100] 2.2 W/(m×grad) [010] 3.5 W/(m×grad) [001]
Thermal expansion	4×10 ⁻⁶ grad ⁻¹ [100] 3.6×10 ⁻⁶ grad ⁻¹ [010] 8.5×10 ⁻⁶ grad ⁻¹ [001]
Phase transition	1005 °C
Melting point	1075 °C
Transmission range	0.35–5.5 μm
Refractive index	n _g = 2.033 @ 1.067 μm n _p = 1.937 @ 1.067 μm n _m = 1.986 @ 1.067 μm
Transition	⁴ F _{3/2} → ⁴ I _{11/2}
Laser wavelength	1.0672 μm
Fluorescence lifetime	120 μs
Fluorescent width	24 cm ⁻¹
Emission cross-section	4.3×10 ⁻¹⁹ cm ⁻²
Emission temperature drift	8.5×10 ⁻⁴ nm, K ⁻¹

Ti:Sapphire

TITANIUM DOPED SAPPHIRE



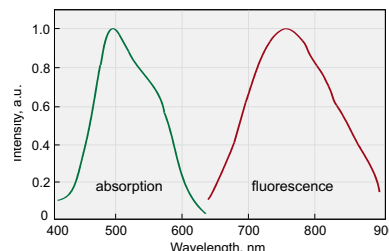
Al₂O₃:Ti³⁺ indefinitely long stability and useful lifetime added to the lasing over entire band of 660–1050 nm challenge “dirty” dyes in variety of applications. Medical laser systems, lidars, laser spectroscopy, direct femtosecond pulse generation by Kerr-type mode-locking – there are few of existing and potential applications.

The absorption band of Ti:Sapphire centered at 490 nm makes it suitable for variety of laser pump sources – argon ion, frequency doubled Nd:YAG and YLF, copper vapour lasers. Because of 3.2 μs fluorescence lifetime Ti:Sapphire crystals can be effectively pumped by short pulse flashlamps in powerful laser systems.

Al₂O₃:Ti³⁺ – titanium-doped sapphire crystals combine outstanding physical and optical properties with broadest lasing range.

Ti ₂ O ₃ wt %	a, cm ⁻¹ @ 490 nm	a, cm ⁻¹ @ 514 nm	a, cm ⁻¹ @ 532 nm
0.03	0.7*	0.6	0.5
0.05	1.1	0.9	0.8
0.07	1.5	1.3	1.2
0.10	2.2	1.9	1.7
0.12	2.6	2.2	2.0
0.15	3.3	2.8	2.5
0.20	4.3	3.7	3.4
0.25	5.4	4.6	4.1

* Presented values are given with ±0.05 cm⁻¹ accuracy.



STANDARD SPECIFICATIONS

Orientation	optical axis C normal to rod axis
Ti ₂ O ₃ concentration	0.03–0.25 wt %
Figure Of Merit	> 150 (>300 available on special requests)
Size	up to 20 mm dia and up to 130 mm length
End configurations	flat/flat or Brewster/Brewster ends
Flatness	λ/10 @ 633 nm
Parallelism	10 arcsec
Surface Quality	10-5 scratch & dig (MIL-PRF-13830B)
Wavefront distortion	λ/4 inch

PHYSICAL AND LASER PROPERTIES

Chemical formula	Ti ³⁺ :Al ₂ O ₃
Crystal structure	Hexagonal
Lattice constants	a=4.748, c=12.957
Density	3.98 g/cm ³
Mohs hardness	9
Thermal conductivity	0.11 cal/(°C×sec×cm)
Specific heat	0.10 cal/g
Melting point	2050 °C
Laser action	4-Level Vibronic
Fluorescence lifetime	3.2 μsec (T=300K)
Tuning range	660–1050 nm
Absorbtion range	400–600 nm
Emission peak	795 nm
Absorption peak	488 nm
Refractive index	1.76 @ 800 nm

NONLINEAR CRYSTALS

LASER CRYSTALS

TERAHERTZ CRYSTALS

RAMAN CRYSTALS

POSITIONERS & HOLDERS

CRYSTAL OVENS